

SUBTRACTION DOUBLES

Subtraction doubles

- **Subtraction double** is not a standard term or concept. It could refer to a **couple of different things**.
- Subtraction doubles could refer to a set of **subtraction facts** that are **easy to memorize** because they involve the **double of a number**.
- For example, the subtraction **double for 2 is 4**, because **4 minus 2 is 2**.

Some double facts with subtraction

$$2 - 1 = 1$$

$$4 - 2 = 2$$

$$6 - 3 = 3$$

$$8 - 4 = 4$$

$$10 - 5 = 5$$

$$12 - 6 = 6$$

$$14 - 7 = 7$$

$$16 - 8 = 8$$

$$18 - 9 = 9$$

Some double facts with subtraction

Example: 1

Subtract $22 - 11$

Solution

-	Tens	Ones
	2	2
	1	1
	1	1

Step : 1

Subtract ones place $2 - 1 = 1$
(Doubles Fact ($2 - 1 = 1$))

Step : 2

Subtract tens place $2 - 1 = 1$
(Doubles Fact ($2 - 1 = 1$))

So, Answer is $22 - 11 = 11$

Example: 2

Subtract $40 - 20$

Solution

-	Tens	Ones
	4	0
	2	0
	2	0

Step : 1

Subtract ones place $0 - 0 = 0$
(Doubles Fact ($4 - 2 = 2$))

Step : 2

Subtract tens place $4 - 2 = 2$
(Doubles Fact ($4 - 2 = 2$))

So, Answer is $40 - 20 = 20$

Example: 3

Subtract 26 - 13

Solution

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Tens	Ones
2	6
1	3
1	3

So, Answer is $26 - 13 = 13$

Example: 4

Subtract 48 - 24

Solution

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Tens	Ones
4	8
2	4
2	4

So, Answer is $48 - 24 = 24$

Example: 5

Subtract 80 - 40

Solution

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Tens	Ones
8	0
4	0
4	0

So, Answer is $80 - 40 = 40$

Example: 6

Subtract 30 - 15

Solution

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2 Tens	10 Ones
3	0
1	5
1	5

Steps:

- Subtract ones place $0 < 5$
Borrow from tens place 0 becomes 10 and 3 becomes 2
- Now subtract ones place $10 - 5$ (Doubles Fact ($10 - 5 = 5$))
- Subtract tens place $2 - 1$
(Doubles Fact ($2 - 1 = 1$))

So, Answer is $30 - 15 = 15$

Example: 7

Subtract 50 - 25

Solution

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	4	10
	Tens	Ones
	5	0
	2	5
	2	5

So, Answer is $50 - 25 = 25$

Example: 8

Subtract 32 - 16

Solution

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	2	12
	Tens	Ones
	3	2
	1	6
	1	6

So, Answer is $32 - 16 = 16$