

Ordinal Numbers

- An ordinal number is a number that indicates the position or order of something in relation to other numbers, like first, second, third, and so on.
- They are also referred to as positioning or ranking numbers.
- The sequence of ordinal numbers vary on the parameters such as weight, height, marks, size, etc.

How to Write Ordinal Numbers?

Ordinal numbers or ordinals are written using numerals as prefixes and adjectives as suffixes.

For example, 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th and so on. We can easily identify an ordinal number and it talks about positioning.



Cardinal Numbers

- The cardinal numbers are the counting numbers that start from 1 and go on sequentially and are not fractions.
- The examples of cardinal numbers are: 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,....

Where we use Cardinal Numbers?

- Cardinal numbers are used to count a set of objects and tell us about quantity.
- We use cardinal numbers when we're counting how many chocolates are in a jar or how many children are on the playground like one, two, three, four, five, etc.

To tell how many floors in an apartment.



To tell how old you are.



There are 10 floors in this apartment.

To tell how many chocolates are there.





There are 5 chocolates.

