

Subtraction with borrowing



Number Subtraction with borrowing

Example: 1

Subtract: 32-3

Solution:

Tens ones
3 2
3

12

9

	2	12
	Tens	ones
_	3	2
	-	3
	2	9

Step 1:

- First we subtract the ones place: 2 3
- Since 2 is less than 3(2 < 3)
- we cannot find the difference directly
- In this case, we need to borrow the tens place. We take 10 from 30 and give it to the 2 in (2 + 10 = 12). •
- Then we subtract 3 from 12, resulting in 9.

Step 2:

- But since 10 was taken from the 30 (30 10 =
 20), we are left with only 20
- Now, we have 2 in the tens place
- Bringing down the 2 from the tens place
- We have 2 0, which equals 2.
- So, Answer is 32 3 = 29

Example: 2

Subtract: 34-17

Solution:

Tens ones

3 4 7 7

14

2

14

Tens	ones
B	**
1	7
1	7

So, Answer is 34 - 17 = 17



Subtract: 42-34

Solution:

12

Tens	ones
4	2
3	4
	8

3

12

Tens	ones
24	Z
3	4
0	8

So, Answer is 42 - 34 = 8

Example: 4

Subtract: 54-28

Solution:

14

Tens	ones
5	A
2	8
	6

4

14

Tens	ones
7	ST.
2	8
2	6

So, Answer is 54 - 28 = 26



Subtract: 68-59

Solution:

18

Tens	ones
6	8
5	9
	9

	10
Tens	ones
é	8
5	9
0	9

So, Answer is 68 - 59 = 09

Example: 6

Subtract: 77 - 9

Solution:

1	7

Tens	ones
7	X
0	9
	8

17

Tens	ones
X	X
0	9
6	8

So, Answer is 77 - 9 = 68



Subtract: 82 - 39

Solution:

12

Tens	ones
8	2
3	9
	3

7

12

Tens	ones
8	72
3	9
4	3

So, Answer is 82 - 39 = 43

Example:8

Subtract: 84-49

Solution:

14

Tens	ones
8	A
4	9
	5

7

14

Tens	ones
8	À
4	9
3	5

So, Answer is 84 - 49 = 35



Subtract: 90 - 39

Solution:

10

Tens	ones
9	Ø
3	9
	1

8

10

Tens	ones
9	Ø
3	9
5	1

So, Answer is 90 - 39 = 51

Example: 10 Subtract: 92 - 38

Solution:

12

Tens	ones
9	72
3	8
	4

8

12

Tens	ones
ğ	, 54
3	8
5	4

So, Answer is 92 - 38 = 54