## Subtraction Doubles

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$>$ Subtraction double is not a standard term or concept. It could refer to a couple of different things.
$>$ Subtraction doubles could refer to a set of subtraction facts that are easy to memorize because they involve the double of a number.
$>$ For example, the subtraction double for 2 is 4 , because 4 minus 2 is 2.

## Some double facts with subtraction


$6-3=3$
$8-4=4$
$10-5=5$
$12-6=6$
$14-7=7$
$16-8=8$
$18-9=9$
(al) (0)

## Some double facts with subtraction

## Example : 1

Subtract 22-11
Solution

| Tens | Ones |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | 2 | 2 |
| - | 1 | 1 |
|  | 1 | 1 |

Step : 1

- Subtract ones place $2-1$ (Doubles Fact (2-1 = 1))
- Subtract tens place 2-1 (Doubles Fact (2-1 = 1))

So, Answer is $22-11=11$

## Example : 2

## Subtract 40-20

## Solution

| Tens | Ones |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | 4 | 0 |
| - | 2 | 0 |
| 2 | 0 |  |

Step : 1

- Subtract ones place $0-0$ (Doubles Fact ( $0-0=0$ ))
- Subtract tens place 4-2 (Doubles Fact (4-2 = 2) )


## So, Answer is $\mathbf{4 0 - 2 0 = 2 0}$

## Example : 3

## Subtract 26-13

## Solution

|  | Tens | Ones |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | 2 | 6 |
| - | 1 | 3 |
|  | 1 | 3 |

Step : 1

- Subtract ones place 6-3 (Doubles Fact $(6-3=3)$ )
- Subtract tens place 2-1 (Doubles Fact (2-1 = 1))


## So, Answer is $26-13=13$

## Example : 4

## Subtract 48-24

## Solution

|  | Tens | Ones |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | 4 | 8 |
| - | 2 | 4 |
|  | 2 | 4 |

Step : 1

- Subtract ones place 8-4 (Doubles Fact ( $8-4=4$ ))
- Subtract tens place 4-2 (Doubles Fact (4-2 = 2))


## So, Answer is $\mathbf{4 8 - 2 4 = 2 4}$

## Example : 5

## Subtract 80-40

## Solution

| Tens | Ones |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | 8 | 0 |
| - | 4 | 0 |
|  | 4 | $\mathbf{0}$ |

## Step : 1

- Subtract ones place $0-0$ (Doubles Fact ( $0-0=0$ ))
- Subtract tens place 8-4 (Doubles Fact $(8-4=4)$ )


## So, Answer is $80-40=40$

## Subtract 30-15

## Solution

|  | 2 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tens | Ones |  |
|  | 3 | 0 |
| - | 1 | 5 |
|  | 1 | 5 |

- Subtract ones place $0<5$ Borrow from tens place 0 becomes 10 and 3 becomes 2
- Now subtract ones place 10-5 (Doubles Fact ( $10-5=5$ ))
- Subtract tens place 2-1 (Doubles Fact (2-1 = 1))


## So, Answer is $30-15=\mathbf{1 5}$

## Example : 7

## Subtract 50-25

| Solution | 4 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 10 |
|  | Tens | Ones |  |  |
| - | 5 | 0 |  |  |
| - | 2 | 5 |  |  |
|  | 2 | 5 |  |  |

- Subtract ones place $0<5$ Borrow from tens place 0 becomes 10 and 5 becomes 4
- Now subtract ones place 10-5 (Doubles Fact ( $10-5=5$ ))
- Subtract tens place 4-2 (Doubles Fact (4-2 = 2))


## So, Answer is $50-25=25$

## Example : 8

## Subtract 32-16

| Solution | 2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Tens | Ones |
| - | 3 | 2 |
| - | 1 | 6 |
|  | 1 | 6 |

- Subtract ones place $2<6$ Borrow from tens place 2 becomes 12 and 3 becomes 2
- Now subtract ones place 12-6 (Doubles Fact ( $12-6=6$ ))
- Subtract tens place 2-1 (Doubles Fact (2-1 = 1))


## So, Answer is $32-16=16$

## Example : 9

## Subtract 90-45

| Solution | 8 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Tens | Ones |
|  | 9 | 0 |
| - | 4 | 5 |
|  | 4 | 5 |

- Subtract ones place $0<5$ Borrow from tens place 0 becomes 10 and 9 becomes 8
- Now subtract ones place 10-5 (Doubles Fact ( $10-5=5$ ))
- Subtract tens place 8-4 (Doubles Fact (8-4 = 4))


## So, Answer is $90-45=45$

